

1.

(25 бодова)

$$q_1 = q_2 = q_3 \rightarrow \rightarrow$$

$$|E_1| = |E_2| = |E_3| = |E| \dots\dots 2p)$$

$$E_1^2 = E_2^2 + R^2 - 2E_2R \cos 30^\circ \dots\dots 3p)$$

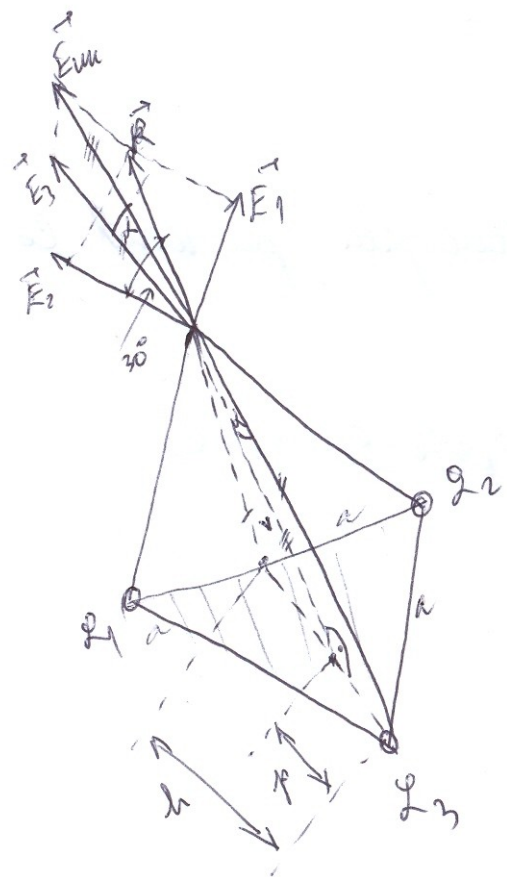
$$R = E\sqrt{3} \dots\dots 2p)$$

$$R^2 = E_3^2 + E_{uk}^2 - 2E_3E_{uk} \cos \alpha \dots\dots 5p)$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{v}{a}$$

$$h = \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}, p = \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{3} \dots\dots 3p)$$

$$a^2 = v^2 + \left(\frac{a\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)^2$$



$$v = \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}a$$

$$\cos \alpha = \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \dots \dots \dots 2p)$$

$$R^2 = E_3^2 + E_{uk}^2 - 2E_3E_{uk} \cos \alpha \dots \dots \dots 2p)$$

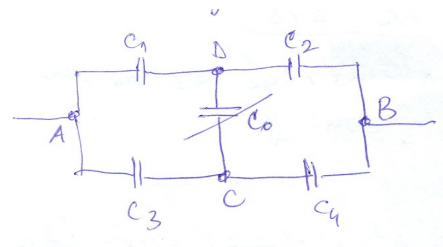
$$E_{uk}^2 - 2\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}EE_{uk} - 2E^2 = 0 \dots \dots \dots 3p)$$

$$E_{uk} = \sqrt{6}E$$

$$E_{uk} = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{4\pi \epsilon_0} \frac{q}{a^2} \dots \dots \dots 3p)$$

Слика 2

2. Како је $C_1 = C_2 = C_3 = C_4$ тачке С и D су истом потенцијалу па кондензатор C_0 можемо искључити. Еквивалентна шема приказана на слици 3.



на
је
Сл

ика 3

$$C_1 = C_2 = C_3 = C_4 \Rightarrow$$

$$\frac{1}{C_{12}} = \frac{1}{C_1} + \frac{1}{C_2} = \frac{2}{C} \Rightarrow C_{12} = \frac{C}{2} \dots \dots \dots 5p)$$

$$\frac{1}{C_{34}} = \frac{1}{C_3} + \frac{1}{C_4} = \frac{2}{C} \Rightarrow C_{34} = \frac{C}{2} \dots \dots \dots 5p)$$

$$C_e = C_{12} + C_{34} = \frac{C}{2} + \frac{C}{2} = C \dots \dots \dots 5p)$$

(15 бодова)

3. Укупан отпор прстена је:

(25 бодова)

$$R = R_1 + R_2 \dots \dots \dots 2p)$$

$$R_1 = \frac{1}{3}R, R_2 = \frac{2}{3}R \dots \dots \dots 2p)$$

Снага која се издваја у прстену:

$$P = R_1 I_1^2 + R_2 I_2^2 \dots (1p)$$

$$I = I_1 + I_2 \dots (1p)$$

$$E = I_1 R_1 \dots (1p)$$

$$E = I_2 R_2 \Rightarrow I_1 R_1 = I_2 R_2 \dots (1p)$$

\Rightarrow

$$I_1 = \frac{I R_2}{R_1 + R_2} = \frac{2}{3} I = 6A \dots (3p)$$

$$I_2 = \frac{I R_1}{R_1 + R_2} = \frac{1}{3} I = 3A \dots (3p)$$

$$P = \frac{6}{27} R I^2 \Rightarrow$$

$$R = \frac{27}{6} \frac{P}{I^2} = 6\Omega \dots (5p)$$

Ако је контакт дуж пречника:

$$R_1 = R_2 = \frac{R}{2} \dots (1p)$$

$$I_1 = I_2 = \frac{I}{2} \dots (1p)$$

$$P = R_1 I_1^2 + R_2 I_2^2 = \frac{R I^2}{4} = 121.5W \dots (4p)$$

4.

Ако смјер наниже усвојимо као позитиван:

(15 бодова)

а)

$$B_A = B_{2A} - B_{1A} \dots (2p)$$

$$B_A = \frac{\mu_0 I_2}{2\pi d} - \frac{\mu_0 I_1}{2\pi d} \dots (2p)$$

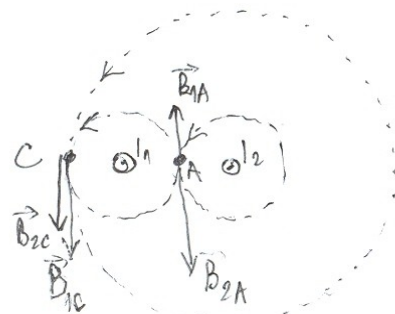
$$B_A = \frac{\mu_0 I_2 - I_1}{2\pi d} = 20\mu T \dots (1p)$$

$$B_C = B_{1C} + B_{2C} \dots (2p)$$

$$B_C = \frac{\mu_0 I_1}{2\pi d} + \frac{\mu_0 I_2}{2\pi 3d} \dots (2p)$$

$$B_C = \frac{\mu_0 (3I_1 + I_2)}{6\pi d} = 33.3\mu T \dots (1p)$$

б)



$$B_A = -B_{1A} - B_{2A}$$

$$B_A = -\frac{\mu_0}{2\pi} \left(\frac{I_1 + I_2}{d} \right) = -60 \mu T \dots 2.5 p)$$

$$B_C = B_{1C} - B_{2C}$$

$$B_C = \frac{\mu_0}{2\pi} \left(\frac{I_1}{d} - \frac{I_2}{3d} \right) = -6.67 \mu T \dots 2.5 p)$$

Слика 4

5.

(20 бодова)

$$U = 10U_C \dots 1 p)$$

$$U = I \cdot Z \dots 1 p)$$

$$Z = \sqrt{R^2 + (X_L - X_C)^2} \dots 2 p)$$

$$X_L = \omega L \dots 1 p)$$

$$X_C = \frac{1}{\omega C} \dots 1 p)$$

$$10U_C = I \cdot \sqrt{R^2 + (X_L - X_C)^2} \dots 2 p)$$

$$U_C = I \cdot X_C \dots 1 p)$$

$$\sqrt{R^2 + (X_L - X_C)^2} = \frac{10}{\omega C} \dots 1 p)$$

....

$$\omega^4 + \left(\frac{C^2 R^2 - 2LC}{C^2 L^2} \right) \omega^2 - \frac{99}{C^2 L^2} = 0 \dots 2.5 p)$$

$$\omega^4 - 4.43 \cdot 10^4 \omega^2 - 6.18 \cdot 10^{10} = 0 \dots 2.5 p)$$

$$\omega^2 = t$$

$$t^2 - 4.43 \cdot 10^4 t - 6.18 \cdot 10^{10} = 0 \dots 1 p)$$

$$t_1 = 271730.9 \dots 1 p)$$

$$t_2 = -227430.9 \dots 1 p)$$

$$\omega = \sqrt{t_1} = 521.3 s^{-1} \dots 1 p)$$

$$\nu = \frac{\omega}{2\pi} = 83 Hz \dots 1 p)$$

